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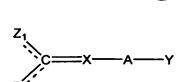
## **CLAIMS**

- A method for treating a subject for skin disorder comprising administering to
   said subject an effective amount of creatine, creatine phosphate, creatine compound or a salt thereof, such that said skin disorder is treated.
  - 2. The method of claim 1, wherein said subject is a mammal.
- The method of claim 1, wherein said subject is a human.
  - 4. The method of claim 1, further comprising coadministration of a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 15 5. The method of claim 4, wherein said pharmaceutically acceptable carrier is suitable for topical administration.
  - 6. The method of claim 1 wherein said skin disorder is associated with free-radicals.
  - 7. The method of claim 1, wherein said skin disorder is associated with aging.
  - 8. The method of claim 1 wherein said skin disorder is associated with sun radiation.
  - 9. The method of claim 1 wherein said skin disorder is associated with stress or fatigue.
  - 10. The method of claim 1, wherein said subject is afflicted with skin wrinkles.
  - 11. The method of claim 1, wherein said subject is at risk for a skin disorder.
- 12. A method for treatment of a skin disorder comprising administering an effective amount of a creatine compound to a subject such that the subject is treated, wherein the creatine compound is of the general formula:

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and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein:

- a) Y is selected from the group consisting of: -CO<sub>2</sub>H, -NHOH, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -C(=O)NHSO<sub>2</sub>J and -P(=O)(OH)(OJ), wherein J is selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight chain alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkenyl, and aryl;
- b) A is selected from the group consisting of: C, CH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkynyl, and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkoyl chain, each having 0-2 substituents which are selected independently from the group consisting of:
  - 1) K, where K is selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkoyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkenyl, and C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkoyl, K having 0-2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy;
  - 2)—an aryl group selected from the group consisting of: a 1-2 ring carbocycle and a 1-2 ring heterocycle, wherein the aryl group contains 0-2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: -CH<sub>2</sub>L and -COCH<sub>2</sub>L where L is independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy; and
  - 3) -NH-M, wherein M is selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> branched alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> branched alkenyl, and C<sub>4</sub> branched alkoyl;
  - c) X is selected from the group consisting of  $NR_1$ ,  $CHR_1$ ,  $CR_1$ , O and S, wherein  $R_1$  is selected from the group consisting of:
    - 1) hydrogen;

2) K where K is selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkoyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkenyl, and C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkoyl, K having O-2 substituents independently

selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy;

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- 3) an aryl group selected from the group consisting of a 1-2 ring carbocycle and a 1-2 ring heterocycle, wherein the aryl group contains 0-2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: -CH<sub>2</sub>L and -COCH<sub>2</sub>L where L is independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy;
- 4) a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> a-amino-w-methyl-w-adenosylcarboxylic acid attached via the w-methyl carbon;
- 10 5) a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> a-amino-w-aza-w-methyl-w-adenosylcarboxylic acid attached via the w-methyl carbon; and
  - 6) a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> a-amino-w-thia-w-methyl-w-adenosylcarboxylic acid attached via the w-methyl carbon;
  - d)  $Z_1$  and  $Z_2$  are chosen independently from the group consisting of: =0, -NHR<sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>R<sub>2</sub>, -NR<sub>2</sub>OH; wherein  $Z_1$  and  $Z_2$  may not both be =0 and wherein R<sub>2</sub> is selected from the group consisting of:
    - 1) hydrogen;
  - 2) K, where K is selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkoyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkenyl, and C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkoyl, K having O-2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy;

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- 3) an aryl group selected from the group consisting of a 1-2 ring carbocycle and a 1-2 ring heterocycle, wherein the aryl group contains 0-2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: -CH<sub>2</sub>L and -COCH<sub>2</sub>L where L is independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy;
  - 4) a C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> a-amino-carboxylic acid attached via the w-carbon;
- 5) B, wherein B is selected from the group consisting of: -CO<sub>2</sub>H, -NHOH, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -NO<sub>2</sub>, OP(=O)(OH)(OJ) and -P(=O)(OH)(OJ), wherein J is selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkenyl, and aryl, wherein B is optionally connected to the nitrogen via a linker selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub> alkenyl, and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkoyl;



6) -D-E, wherein D is selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> straight alkyl, C<sub>3</sub> branched alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> straight alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub> branched alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> straight alkoyl, aryl and aroyl; and E is selected from the group consisting of: -(PO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NMP, where n is 0-2 and NMP is ribonucleotide monophosphate connected via the 5'-phosphate, 3'-phosphate or the aromatic ring of the base; -[P(=O)(OCH<sub>3</sub>)(O)]<sub>m</sub>-Q, where m is 0-3 and Q is a ribonucleoside connected via the ribose or the aromatic ring of the base; -[P(=O)(OH)(CH<sub>2</sub>)]<sub>m</sub>-Q, where m is 0-3 and Q is a ribonucleoside connected via the ribose or the aromatic ring of the base; and an aryl group containing 0-3 substituents chosen independently from the group consisting of: Cl, Br, epoxy, acetoxy, -OG, -C(=O)G, and -CO<sub>2</sub>G, where G is independently selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkoyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkoyl, wherein E may be attached to any point to D, and if D is alkyl or alkenyl, D may be connected at either or both ends by an amide linkage; and

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- 7) -E, wherein E is selected from the group consisting of -(PO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NMP, where n is 0-2 and NMP is a ribonucleotide monophosphate connected via the 5'-phosphate, 3'-phosphate or the aromatic ring of the base; -[P(=O)(OCH<sub>3</sub>)(O)]<sub>m</sub>-Q, where m is 0-3 and Q is a ribonucleoside connected via the ribose or the aromatic ring of the base; -[P(=O)(OH)(CH<sub>2</sub>)]<sub>m</sub>-Q, where m is 0-3 and Q is a ribonucleoside connected via the ribose or the aromatic ring of the base; and an aryl group containing 0-3 substituents chose independently from the group consisting of: Cl, Br, epoxy, acetoxy, -OG, -C(=O)G, and -CO<sub>2</sub>G, where G is independently selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkoyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkoyl; and if E is aryl, E may be connected by an amide linkage;
- e) if R<sub>1</sub> and at least one R<sub>2</sub> group are present, R<sub>1</sub> may be connected by a single or double bond to an R<sub>2</sub> group to form a cycle of 5 to 7 members;

- f) if two  $R_2$  groups are present, they may be connected by a single or a double bond to form a cycle of 4 to 7 members; and
- g) if R<sub>1</sub> is present and Z<sub>1</sub> or Z<sub>2</sub> is selected from the group consisting of NHR<sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>R<sub>2</sub> and -NR<sub>2</sub>OH, then R<sub>1</sub> may be connected by a single or double bond to the carbon or nitrogen of either Z<sub>1</sub> or Z<sub>2</sub> to form a cycle of 4 to 7 members.
  - 13. The method of claim 12, wherein said treatment of said skin disorder reduces or eliminates at least one preexisting symptom of skin disorder.

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- 14. The method of claim 13, wherein said symptom is skin wrinkles or a loss of skin elasticity.
- 5 15. The method of claim 12, wherein said treatment of said skin disorder comprises prevention said skin disorder.
  - 16. The method of claim 12, wherein said creatine compound is creatine.
- 10 17. The method of claim 12, wherein said creatine compound is creatine phosphate.
  - 18. The method of claim 12, wherein said creatine compound is cyclocreatine.
- 15 19. The method of claim 12, wherein said creatine compound is cyclocreatine phosphate.
  - 20. The method of claim 12, wherein said creatine compound is creatine-pyruvate.
  - 21. The method of claim 12, wherein said creatine compound is creatineascorbate.
    - 22. The method of claim 12, wherein said creatine compound is homocyclocreatine.
    - 23. The method of claim 12, wherein said creatine compound is 3guanidinopropionic acid.
    - 24. The method of claim 12, wherein said creatine compound is guanidinoacetate.
    - 25. The method of claim 12, wherein said creatine compound is a guanidino benzoic acid.
  - 26. The method of claim 12, further comprising co-administering to said subject 35 an effective amount of a skin preserving agent.
    - 27. The method of claim 26, wherein said skin preserving agent is an antioxidant.

- 28. The method of claim 27, wherein said antioxidant is CoQ10 or vitamin E.
- 29. The method of claim 26, wherein the skin preserving agent is an energyenhancing agent.
- 30. The method of claim 29, wherein said energy enhancing agent is selected from the group consisting of ATP, nicotinamide and pyruvate.
- 31. The method of claim 26, wherein said skin preserving agent is a vitamin or a 10 vitamin precursor.
  - 32. The method of claim 31, wherein said vitamin is selected from the group consisting of E, C, B5, B6, and B9.
- 15 33. The method of claim 12, further comprising the coadministration of a pharmaceutical carrier suitable for topical administration.
  - 34. The method of claim 33, wherein said creatine compound is administered in a a lotion, cream, or ointment, gel or solid.
  - The method of claim 12, further comprising the coadministration of a 35. sunscreen or sunblock.
  - 36. The method of claim 35, wherein said sunscreen or sunblock is zinc oxide or titanium dioxide.
  - 37. A composition for the treatment of the skin of a subject, comprising an effective amount of creatine, creatine phosphate, a creatine compound or a salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
  - 38. The composition of claim 37, wherein said composition is suitable for topical administration.
  - 39. The composition of claim 38, wherein said composition is a lotion, cream, or 35 ointment, gel or solid.
    - 40. The composition of claim 37, wherein said composition further comprises a sunblock or sunscreen.

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- 41. The composition of claim 40, wherein said sunscreen or sunblock is zinc oxide or titanium dioxide.
- 5 42. The composition of claim 37, wherein said composition is formulated as a cosmetic foundation.
  - 43. The composition of claim 37, further comprising a penetration agent.
- 10 44. The composition of claim 37, wherein said composition is formulated as a skin cleansing agent.
  - 45. The composition of claim 37, wherein said composition further comprises hydroxyacids, retinols, Aloe, Chamomile, or mixtures thereof.
  - 46. The composition of claim 37, wherein said effective amount is effective to treat skin disorder.
  - The composition of claim 46, wherein said skin disorder is associated with free-radicals.
  - 48. The composition of claim 37, wherein said skin disorder is associated with aging, sun radiation, stress or fatigue.
- 25 49. The composition of claim 37, wherein said effective amount is effective to prevent a skin disorder.
  - 50. The composition of claim 37, wherein said creatine compound is creatine.
- The composition of claim 37, wherein said creatine compound is creatine phosphate.
  - 52. The composition of claim 37, wherein said creatine compound is cyclocreatine.
  - 53. The composition of claim 37, wherein said creatine compound is cyclocreatine phosphate.

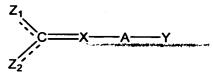
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- 54. The composition of claim 37, wherein said creatine compound is creatine-pyruvate.
- The composition of claim 37, wherein said creatine compound is creatine-ascorbate.
  - 56. The composition of claim 37, wherein said creatine compound is homocyclocreatine.
- 10 57. The composition of claim 37, wherein said creatine compound is 3-guanidinopropionic acid.
  - 58. The composition of claim 37, wherein said creatine compound is guanidinoacetate.
  - 59. The composition of claim 37, wherein said creatine compound is a guanidino benzoic acid.
  - 60. The composition of claim 37, further comprising co-administering to said subject an effective amount of a skin preserving agent.
  - 61. The composition of claim 60, wherein said skin preserving agent is an antioxidant.
  - 62. The composition of claim 61, wherein said antioxidant is CoQ10 or vitamin E.
  - 63. The composition of claim 60, wherein the skin preserving agent is an energy-enhancing agent.
- The method of claim 63, wherein said energy enhancing agent is selected from the group consisting of ATP, nicotinamide and pyruvate.
  - 65. The method of claim 64, wherein said skin preserving agent is a vitamin or a vitamin precursor.
  - 66. The method of claim 65, wherein said vitamin is selected from the group consisting of E, C, B5,B6, and B9.



A composition for treatment of a skin disorder comprising an effective amount of a creatine compound and a pharmaceutical carrier suitable for topical administration, wherein said creatine compound is of the general formula:



- 5 and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein:
- a) Y is selected from the group consisting of: -CO<sub>2</sub>H, -NHOH, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -C(=O)NHSO<sub>2</sub>J and -P(=O)(OH)(OJ), wherein J is selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight chain alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>

  branched alkenyl, and aryl;
  - b) A is selected from the group consisting of: C, CH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkynyl, and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkoyl chain, each having 0-2 substituents which are selected independently from the group consisting of:
  - 1) K, where K is selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkoyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkenyl, and C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkoyl, K having 0-2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy;
  - 2) an aryl group selected from the group consisting of: a 1-2 ring carbocycle and a 1-2 ring heterocycle, wherein the aryl group contains 0-2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: -CH<sub>2</sub>L and -COCH<sub>2</sub>L where L is independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy; and
  - 3) -NH-M, wherein M is selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_4$  alkenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoyl,  $C_3$ - $C_4$  branched alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_4$  branched alkenyl, and  $C_4$  branched alkoyl;
  - 30 c) X is selected from the group consisting of NR<sub>1</sub>, CHR<sub>1</sub>, CR<sub>1</sub>, O and S, wherein R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of:
    - 1) hydrogen;

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- 2) K where K is selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkoyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkenyl, and C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkoyl, K having O-2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy;
- 3) an aryl group selected from the group consisting of a 1-2 ring carbocycle and a 1-2 ring heterocycle, wherein the aryl group contains 0-2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: -CH<sub>2</sub>L and -COCH<sub>2</sub>L where L is independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy;
- 4) a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> a-amino-w-methyl-w-adenosylcarboxylic acid attached via the w-methyl carbon;
- 5) a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> a-amino-w-aza-w-methyl-w-adenosylcarboxylic acid attached via the w-methyl carbon; and
- 6) a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> a-amino-w-thia-w-methyl-w-adenosylcarboxylic acid attached via the w-methyl carbon;
- d)  $Z_1$  and  $Z_2$  are chosen independently from the group consisting of: =0, -NHR<sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>R<sub>2</sub>, -NR<sub>2</sub>OH; wherein  $Z_1$  and  $Z_2$  may not both be =O and wherein R<sub>2</sub> is selected from the group consisting of:
  - 1) hydrogen;
- 2) K, where K is selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkoyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkenyl, and C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkoyl, K having O-2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy;
- 3) an aryl group selected from the group consisting of a 1-2 ring carbocycle and a 1-2 ring heterocycle, wherein the aryl group contains 0-2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: -CH<sub>2</sub>L and -COCH<sub>2</sub>L where L is independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy;
  - 4) a C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> a-amino-carboxylic acid attached via the w-carbon;

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- 5) B, wherein B is selected from the group consisting of:  $-CO_2H$ , -NHOH,  $-SO_3H$ ,  $-NO_2$ , OP(=O)(OH)(OJ) and -P(=O)(OH)(OJ), wherein J is selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  straight alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  branched alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  branched alkenyl, and aryl, wherein B is optionally connected to the nitrogen via a linker selected from the group consisting of:  $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl,  $C_2$  alkenyl, and  $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkoyl;
- 6) -D-E, wherein D is selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> straight alkyl, C<sub>3</sub> branched alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> straight alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub> branched alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> straight alkoyl, aryl and aroyl; and E is selected from the group consisting of: -(PO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NMP, where n is 0-2 and NMP is ribonucleotide monophosphate connected via the 5'-phosphate, 3'-phosphate or the aromatic ring of the base; -[P(=O)(OCH<sub>3</sub>)(O)]<sub>m</sub>-Q, where m is 0-3 and Q is a ribonucleoside connected via the ribose or the aromatic ring of the base; -[P(=O)(OH)(CH<sub>2</sub>)]<sub>m</sub>-Q, where m is 0-3 and Q is a ribonucleoside connected via the ribose or the aromatic ring of the base; and an aryl group containing 0-3 substituents chosen independently from the group consisting of: Cl, Br, epoxy, acetoxy, -OG, -C(=O)G, and -CO<sub>2</sub>G, where G is independently selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkoyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkoyl, wherein E may be attached to any point to D, and if D is alkyl or alkenyl, D may be connected at either or both ends by an amide linkage; and
- 7) -E, wherein E is selected from the group consisting of -(PO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NMP, where n is 0-2 and NMP is a ribonucleotide monophosphate connected via the 5'-phosphate, 3'-phosphate or the aromatic ring of the base; -[P(=O)(OCH<sub>3</sub>)(O)]<sub>m</sub>-Q, where m is 0-3 and Q is a ribonucleoside connected via the ribose or the aromatic ring of the base; -[P(=O)(OH)(CH<sub>2</sub>)]<sub>m</sub>-Q, where m is 0-3 and Q is a ribonucleoside connected via the ribose or the aromatic ring of the base; and an aryl group containing 0-3 substituents chose independently from the group consisting of: Cl, Br, epoxy, acetoxy, -OG, -C(=O)G, and -CO<sub>2</sub>G, where G is independently selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkoyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkoyl; and if E is aryl, E may be connected by an amide linkage;
- e) if  $R_1$  and at least one  $R_2$  group are present,  $R_1$  may be connected by a single or double bond to an  $R_2$  group to form a cycle of 5 to 7 members;
- 35 f) if two R<sub>2</sub> groups are present, they may be connected by a single or a double bond to form a cycle of 4 to 7 members; and



g) if  $R_1$  is present and  $Z_1$  or  $Z_2$  is selected from the group consisting of NHR<sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>R<sub>2</sub> and -NR<sub>2</sub>OH, then  $R_1$  may be connected by a single or double bond to the carbon or nitrogen of either  $Z_1$  or  $Z_2$  to form a cycle of 4 to 7 members.

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